## MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NASHIK

## BACHELOR OF PARAMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

# **Radiographic**

Syllabus for 2<sup>nd</sup> year

Subject Title	Lectures	Seminars	Demo Lectures	Clinical Attachment	Total Hrs.
Physics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic Equipment, CR, DR, CT, Ultrasound) Photographic Technology and Film Processing	70	20	10		
(Darkroom, manual Processing, Automatic Processing, Film-Screen Technology)					
Radiography & Radiographic Anatomy (Basic), Procedures and Patient Care (Special Procedures)	100	30	15		
Basic Imaging and Imaging Anatomy (CR, DR, CT, B –Mode Ultrasound )	135	45	35		
Administration, Quality Assurance and Radiation Safety				800	460
	Physics and Technology:Imaging Equipment(RadiographicEquipment, CR, DR, CT,Ultrasound)PhotographicTechnology and FilmProcessing_(Darkroom, manualProcessing, AutomaticProcessing, Film-ScreenTechnology)Radiography &Radiographic Anatomy(Basic), Procedures andPatient Care (SpecialProcedures)Basic Imaging andImaging Anatomy (CR,DR, CT, B –ModeUltrasound )Administration, QualityAssurance and Radiation	Physics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic Equipment, CR, DR, CT, Ultrasound) Photographic Technology and Film Processing (Darkroom, manual Processing, Automatic Processing, Film-Screen Technology)70Radiography & Radiography & Radiographic Anatomy (Basic), Procedures and Patient Care (Special Procedures)100Basic Imaging and Imaging Anatomy (CR, DR, CT, B –Mode Ultrasound )135Administration, Quality Assurance and Radiation Safety135	Physics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic Equipment, CR, DR, CT, 	Subject TitleLecturesSeminarsLecturesPhysics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic Equipment, CR, DR, CT, Ultrasound) Photographic. Technology and Film Processing_ (Darkroom, manual Processing, Automatic Processing, Film-Screen Technology)702010Radiography & Radiographic Anatomy (Basic), Procedures and Procedures)1003015Basic Imaging and Imaging Anatomy (CR, DR, CT, B –Mode Ultrasound )1354535Administration, Quality Assurance and Radiation Safety1354535	Subject littleLecturesSeminarsLecturesAttachmentPhysics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic Equipment, CR, DR, CT, Ultrasound) Photographic. Technology and Film Processing_ (Darkroom, manual Processing, Automatic Processing, Automatic Processing, Film-Screen Technology)702010Radiography & Radiographic Anatomy (Basic), Procedures and Patient Care (Special Procedures)1003015Basic Imaging and Imaging Anatomy (CR, DR, CT, B –Mode Ultrasound )1354535Administration, Quality Assurance and Radiation Safety1354535

Total Learning Hours – 1260 (for a total of 210 working days)

aper II : Radiography & Radiographic Anatomy (Basic) Important Surface Landmarks Upper Limb: Hand Thumb Wrist Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes Calcaneum
Upper Limb: Hand Thumb Wrist Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Hand Thumb Wrist Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Thumb Wrist Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Wrist Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Forearm Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Elbow Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Humerus Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Shoulder Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Clavicle Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Sterno-Clavicular Joints Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Scapula Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Lower Limb: Foot Toes
Foot Toes
Toes
Sub-Talar Joint
Ankle Joint
Leg
Knee
Femur
Hips
Neck of femur
Pelvis
Vertebral Column:
Sacro-Iliac Joints
Atlanto-Occipital Articulation
Cervical Spine
Cervical Spine 3rd to 7th Vertebrae
Cervico-Thoracic Vertebrae
Thoracic Spine
Lumbar Spine
Lumbo-Sacral Spine
Sacrum
Ribs:
Lower Ribs
Upper Ribs
Skull
Skull Routine
Skull Optic Foramina
Skull Jugular Foramina
Skull Temporal Bones
Skull Mastoid
Skull Petrous
Paranasal Sinuses
Facial Bones
Orbits
Nasal Bone
Mandible
Temporomandibular Joints

	Dental Padiography:
	Dental Radiography: Introduction and Basics
	Bite Wing
	Intra-Oral Peri-Apical
	Occlusal
	Extra-Oral
	Respiratory System:
	Pharynx and Larynx
	Trachea
	Lungs
	Apices
	Paediatric
	Heart and Aorta
	Abdomen:
	KUB
	Urinary Bladder
	Radiography for foreign Bodies
	Care and Maintenance in Routine Radiography
Paper II: I	Procedures and Patient Care (Special Procedures)
	Introduction to Special Procedures
	Contrast Media
	Intravascular Radiographic Contrast media : Chemical Structure,
	Properties, Pharmacology, Use
	Genitourinary Tract:
	RGU/MCU/Cystogram
	Nephrostogram/ RGP
	Investigations of Female Reproductive System
	Investigations of Male Repsroductive System
	Gastrointestinal Tract:
	Oral/ Rectal contrast media
	Pharyngogram/ Oesophagram
	Barium Meal
	Small Bowel Meal
	Enteroclysis
	Barium Enema
	Endoscopic Retrograade Cholangiopancreaticography
	Special Situations
	Miscellaneous Procedures:
	Sialography
	Dacryocystography
	Sinogram/ Fistulogram
	T-Tube Cholangiogram

Paper I : I	Physics and Technology: Imaging Equipment (Radiographic
	t, CR, DR, CT, Ultrasound)
	Section I : Basic Physics
	Units and measurement
	Newton's laws of motion : Force , Work , Energy and Power .
	Heat Specific heat, thermal capacity
	Conduction, convection and radiation
	Electrostatics, Charges and their properties, electric field and
	Potential Difference
	Electric potential, difference, volt, capacitance
	Electric current, AC and DC, its characters
	Ohm's law and its application
	Electrical work, power, energy
	Effects of electric current, Electrolysis
	Magnetism: Fundamental Principles and Terminology
	Magnetic induction, flux and demagnetization
	Electromagnetic induction, Faradays laws
	Mutual and self induction
	Mutual induction and self induction
	Transformer : Step up and step down .
	Rectification : Type of rectification .
	Atom, structure, atomic no, mass no, Isotopes, ionisation
	Electromagnetic Spectrum
	Thermionic Emission and its application .
	Interaction of Energy and Matter at the atomic level
	Radioactivity: Laws, Terminology, Half Life
	Sound : Acoustics and wave motion.
	Section II: Technology
	Principles of X Ray Production
	X-Ray machine components and circuit diagram
	Power supply to X-Ray machine , main fuse box , constructions .
	Auto transformer : construction , principles and connections .
	High-tension transformer : Construction, Principles and connections.
	Timer : Construction , type and their proper use
	Filament Control, location, purpose and function
	Filament heating transformer and functions
	Line voltage conpensator
	Rectification : Self and half wave rectification.
	X Ray Generators: Power Supply
	Construction of an X-Ray tube , Rotating anode X-Ray tube
	Production of X-Ray . Effects of KVP & MA
	Tube ratings .
	Earthing of an X-Ray machine
	Radiation Quality: Filtration
	Radiation Quality: Beam Limiting Devices
	Grids: Principles, construction, Uses and limitations
	Radiographic Tables: Design and Constrction
	Mobile X-Ray unit : Design and Use

Paper III : Basic Imaging (CR, DR, CT, B –Mode Ultrasound )         CT Introduction and Fundamentals: Terminology and parts         CT Introduction: Equipment parameters- Basic, Single Slice & Spiral         CT Introduction : Equipment parameters- Multidetector         CT Techniques : GIT Preparation         CT Techniques : Basic Steps in CT scanning         CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power         Injectors         CT Technique: Neurocranium         CT Technique Petrous pyramids         CT Technique Orbit
CT Introduction: Equipment parameters- Basic, Single Slice & Spiral         CT Introduction : Equipment parameters- Multidetector         CT Techniques : GIT Preparation         CT Techniques : Basic Steps in CT scanning         CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power         Injectors         CT Technique: Neurocranium         CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Introduction : Equipment parameters- Multidetector         CT Techniques : GIT Preparation         CT Techniques : Basic Steps in CT scanning         CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power         Injectors         CT Technique: Neurocranium         CT Technique: Pituitary         CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Techniques : GIT Preparation         CT Techniques : Basic Steps in CT scanning         CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power         Injectors         CT Technique: Neurocranium         CT Technique: Pituitary         CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Techniques : Basic Steps in CT scanning         CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power         Injectors         CT Technique: Neurocranium         CT Technique: Pituitary         CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT IV Contrast Use: Basics of Contrast Injectin and Use of Power Injectors CT Technique: Neurocranium CT Technique: Pituitary CT Technique Petrous pyramids
Injectors CT Technique: Neurocranium CT Technique: Pituitary CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Technique: Neurocranium CT Technique: Pituitary CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Technique: Pituitary CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Technique Petrous pyramids
CT Technique Paranasal sinuses
CT Technique Cervical soft tissues including Larynx
CT Technique Thoracic organs
CT Technique Upper abdominal organs
CT Technique Liver
CT Technique Pancreas
CT Technique Kidneys
CT Technique Adrenal glands
CT Technique Female pelvis
CT Technique Male pelvis
CT Technique Cervical spine
CT Technique Thoracic spine
CT Technique Lumbar spine
CT Technique Lower Limbs
CT Technique Upper Limbs
CR: Equipment nomenclature and Introduction
CR: Procedures and Documentation
CR : Artefacts and Errors
CR: Limitations
CR: Radiation Safety Features
DR: Equipment Nomenclature and Introduction
DR: Procedure of Image Acquisition and Parameters
DR: Artifacts and Errors
DR: Radiation Safety Factors
Ultrasound : Introduction and Terminology
Ultrasound: Patient Preparation
Ultrasound: Regions and Techniques

Paper III: A	dministration, Quality Assurance and Radiation Safety
	mage Quality : Terminology and Principles
	mage Quality: Analysis of Image Quality in Film Screen System
	mage Quality: Basic Testing Procedures in Conventional
F	Radiography
(	Quality Assurance in Film Processing
7	The Digital Image : Fundamental Principles
(	Occupational Health: Hazards in Radiographic and Imaging
	Fechnology
E	Electrical Safety
F	Radiation Safety : Principles of Radiobiology
F	Radiation Safety : Current Regulations and Standards
F	Radiation Safety : Indian Regulations and Procedures
F	Radiation Safety : Administrative Aspects
F	Radiation Safety : Practical Aspects (Protective Equipment and
F	Procedural Techniques)
l A	Administration: Record Keeping and Documentation
l A	Administration: Inventory Management
l A	Administration: PNDT Act
[	Digital Images: Basic Principles
l A	Administration: Care and Maintenance of Equipment. Log Books
[	Disposal of Used Chemicals
E	Bio-waste Disposal in Radiology Department

# 3<sup>rd</sup> Year Syllabus

Paper	Subject Title	Lectures	Seminars	Demo Lectures	Clinical Attachment	Total Hrs
Paper I	Physics & Technology (Colour Doppler, Advanced CT, MRI, DSA) Image Processing and Recording (Advanced)	60		5		
Paper II	Radiography (Advanced Radiography and Sectional Anatomy) Imaging (Advanced CT, MRI, Colour Doppler, DSA) Procedures and Patient Care in Interventional Radiology	105	35	15		
Paper III	Administration and Radiation Safety in Interventional Procedures, MR Safety, DICOM and PACS, Quality Assurance in Imaging.	140	45	35		
	Total				800	460

Total Hours: 1260 for a total of 210 working days

Examiners - One Internal Examiner of the institute One External Examiner outside the institute

Internal Assessments	-	One Mid Term / Term End
	-	One Preliminary

Paper I	: Physics & Technology (Colour Doppler, Advanced CT, MRI, DSA )
-	CT Technology: Resolution In CT
	CT Technology: Disadavantages of MDCT
	CT Technology: MDCT Technology and its influence on Radiation
	Safety
	MRI Technology : The Magnetic Resonance Phenomenon
	MRI Technology : Basics of MR Image Formation
	MRI Technology : Design and Construction of Components of The MR
	Scanner
	MRI Technology : RF Coils
	MRI Technology : Image Formation Process
	MRI Technology : The Basic MR Sequences
	MRI Technology : Advanced MR Sequences
	MRI Technology : Parallel Processing
	MRI Technology : BOLD imaging and Functional MRI
	MRI Technology : Perfusion Imaging
	MRI Technology : MR Spectroscopy
	MRI Technology : Imaging Parameters and Their effect on Image
	acquired
	Colour Doppler : Fundamental Principles
	Colour Doppler : Pulse Wave and Continuous Wave
	Colour Doppler : Colour Map
	Colour Doppler : Advanced Applications
	Digital Subtraction Angiography : Basic Principles
	Digital Subtraction Angiography : The Subtraction Process in application
	Digital Subtraction Angiography : Advanced Fluoroscopic Functions
	Digital Subtraction Angiography : Rotational Angiography principles
Paper I	: Image Processing and Recording (Advanced)
	Image Documentation: Types of Printers and Cameras
	Multiformat Cameras
	Thermal Printers
	DICOM Laser Printers for Films : Wet Type
	DICOM Lser Printers for Films : Dry Type
	Non- DICOM Printers
	Archiving on Removable Media
	Archiving Systems for Large Capacity Storage and archiving
	Image Processing Basics
	Image Processing : Reformations
	Image Processing : 3 D reconstructions and Display Modes

Paper II :	Radiography (Advanced Radiography and Sectional Anatomy)
	Basic Tomography Technique
	Orthopantomography
	Radiography in Orthopedics
	Radiography In Polytrauma
	Radiography In Disaster Situation
	Radiography In ICU
	Radiography In Operation Theater
	C Arm Use in Operation Theater
	Radiography of Scoliosis
	Skeletal Survey
	Mammography Basics
	Mammography Advanced (Including Digital Mammography and Biopsy
	Procedures)
Paper II :	Imaging (Advanced CT, MR, DSA)
	CT Techniques : Musculoskeletal CT basics
	CT Techniques : Musculoskeletal CT advanced
	CT Techniques: Principles of Contrast Medium Delivery and Scan Timing in MDCT
	CT Techniques : CT Angiography: Lower Limbs
	CT Techniques : CT Angiography Head and Neck
	CT Techniques : CT Venography for Cerebral Veins and Venous Sinuses
	CT Techniques : CT Angiography Thoracic Aorta
	CT Techniques : CT Angiography Pulmonary
	CT Techniques : CT Angiography Upper Limbs
	CT Techniques : CT Venography Lower Limbs
	CT Techniques : CT Venography Abdominal
	CT Techniques : CT Mesenteric- Portography
	CT Techniques : CT Perfusion (MDCT 16/ 40)
	CT Techniques : Triple Phase CT
	CT Techniques : CT Enterography/ Enteroclysis
	CT Techniques : Cardiac CT
	CT Techniques : Coronary CT Angiography Basics
	CT Techniques : Coronary CT Angiography Adavanced
	CT Techniques : MDCT in Polytrauma
	CT Techniques : Introduction to post processing applications for Image
	Rendering
	CT Techniques : Post Processing for Image rendering: Coronary Angiography
	CT Techniques : Post Processing for Image rendering: Peripehral Angiography
	CT Techniques : Post Processing for Image rendering: Pulmonary CT & CTA
	CT Techniques : Post Processing for Image rendering: Abdominal CT and CTA
	CT Techniques : Post Processing for Image rendering: Musculoskeletal CT
	CT Techniques : Low dose CT for Thorax
	CT Techniques : Radiation Safety : Techniques of minimizing exposure
	CT Techniques : Pediatric CT
	CT Techniques : CT Colonography Introduction, Patient Preparation and Positioning
	CT Techniques : CT Colonography Image acquisition and Processing. Role of
	Screening CT Colonography
	CT Techniques : CT Guided Biopsies
	CT Techniques : CT Guided Drainage

CT Techniques : Miscellaneous CT Guided Interventions
CT Techniques: Patient Monitoring, Procedures under Sedation and General
Anaesthesia
CT Maintenance and Calibrat Procedures
PET-CT: Introduction
PET-CT: Basic Equipment and Procedure
PET-CT: Image Acquisition and Processing
MRI : Introduction to MRI Procedure
MRI Technique: Terminology and Parts of Equipment
MRI Technique: Coils
MRI Technique: Pressure Injector
MRI Technique: MR Contrast Media
MRI Technique: MR Patient Safety procedure
MRI Technique: MR Equipment Safety
MRI Technique: Basic MR sequences and Clinical Implications
MRI Technique: Advanced MR Sequences and Parallel Processing: Clinical
Implications
MRI Technique: Brain Basic
MRI Technique: Brain for Cerebrovascular Accident
MRI Technique: Intracranial Neoplasms
MRI Technique: Perfusion Technique
MRI Technique: Epiplepsy
MRI Technique: Inner Ear
MRI Technique: Orbit
MRI Technique: Sella
MRI Technique: Cervical Spine
MRI Technique: Cranio-vertebral Junction
MRI Technique: Dorsolumbar Spine
MRI Technique: Lumbosacral Spine
MRI Technique: Post-Operative Spine
MRI Technique: Spinal Trauma
MRI Technique: Sacroiliac Joints
MRI Technique: Abdomen, Upper
MRI Technique: Liver Lesion
MRI Technique: MRCP (Biliary System)
MRI Technique: Kidneys and MR Urography
MRI Technique: Female Pelvis
MRI Technique: Male Pelvis
MRI Technique: Rectum and Anal Canal
MRI Technique: Adrenal Gland
MRI Technique: Musculoskeletal MRI Introduction
MRI Technique: Temporomandibular Joints
MRI Technique: Shoulder Joint
MRI Technique: Elbow Joint
MRI Technique: Wrist Joint and Hand
MRI Technique: Hip Joints
MRI Technique: Knee Joint
MRI Technique: Ankle Joint and Foot
MRI Technique: Introduction MR Angiography techniques : TOF/ PCA

MRI Technique: MRA Techniques CEMRA	
MRI Technique: MRA Head and Neck	
MRI Technique: MRA Thorax	
MRI Technique: MRA Pulmonary Artery	
MRI Technique: MRA for Abdominal Aorta and renal Arteries	
MRI Technique: MRA for Aortoiliac and Lower Extremity arteries	
MRI Technique: MR Venography for Lower Limbs	
MRI Technique: MR Mesenterico-Portography	
MRI Technique: MR Spectroscopy	
MRI Technique: Functional MRI	
Newer MR Contrast Media	
MRI Maintenance procedures	
Colour Doppler Imaging Basics	
Colour Doppler Techniques for Arterial Disease	
Colour Doppler Techniques for Venous Disease	
Colour Doppler in Obstetrics	
3D Ultrasound	
Digital Subtraction Angiography System: Fluroscopy techniques and	
Procedures	
DSA: Post Processing	
DSA: Rotational Angiography and Post Processing	
Interventional Radiology: Introduction	
Patient Care :	
(i) Patient preparation	
(ii) Patient reception	
(iii) Patient care during and after procedure	
Intra-Procedural Management :	
(i) Patient positioning, cleaning and draping	
(ii) Trolley and disposables	
(iii) Drug administration and recording	
(iv) Managing the equipment and assisting the radiologist	
Equipment Related	
(i) Basic Hardware	
(ii) Fluoroscopy and DSA	
Patient Monitoring & Sedation	
Common Drugs in Interventional Procedures	
Procedures :	
(i) Seldinger Technique	
(ii) Guided FNAC/ Biopsies	
(iii) Abscess/ Collection Drainage	
(iv) Angiography	
(v) Percutaneous Transhepatic Biliary Drainage	
(vi) Percutaneous Nephrostomy (PCN)	
(vii) Introduction to Vascular Interventions	
(viii) Advanced Vascular Procedures (Revascularisation and Embolisation)	
(ix) Neurointerventional Procedures	
(x) Venous Procedures (TIPS)	
(xi) Miscellaneous Procedures	
Maintaining Patient Records	

Paper III : Administration and Radiation Safety in Interventional Procedures,
MR Safety, DICOM and PACS, Quality Assurance in Imaging.
Radiation safety In The Fluoroscopy Suite
Radiation Dosage Monitoring and TLD Service Methodology
MR Safety Considerations
MR Safety for Patients
MR Compatibility of Implants
DICOM Standard : Introduction
Components of the DICOM standard
DICOM Compatibility of Equipment and DICOM Licensing
DICOM Functions
PACS : Introduction
PACS : Components
PACS: Types and Architecture
PACS: Maintenance and Security
PACS: Future Directions
PACS: How to assess a PACS system
PACS and EMR : Electronic Medical Records Standards
Quality Assurance in CT scanning
Quality Assurance in MRI
Quality assurance in Imaging Informatics
Medico- legal issues in Medical Record Keeping

## List of Books Recommended:

### **Physics and Technology**

Christensen's Physics of Diagnostic Radiology Chesney D.N. et al. (1994), Chesney's Equipment for Student Radiographers

### **Anatomy and Radiography**

Ryan S., McNicholas M. and Eustace S. (2004), Anatomy for Diagnostic Imaging Bontrager K.L. (2001), Textbook of Radiographic Positioning and Related Anatomy Ehrlich R.A., McCloskey E.D. and Daly J.A. (2004), Patient Care in Radiography Chesney D.N. (1995), Chesney's Radiographic Imaging Kindlen S. (2003), Physiology for Health Care and Nursing Weir J. and Abrahams P.H. (2003), Imaging Atlas of Human Anatomy Whitely A.S. et al. (2005), Clark's Positioning in Radiography Raby N. (2003), Accident and Emergency Radiology - A Survival Guide Stephen Chapman and Richard Nakielny: A Guide to Radiological Procedures Merrill's Atlas of Radiographic Positions and Procedures, (Vol. I, II, III), by Philip W. Ballinger & Eugene D. Franks, 11th ed., Mosby Radiographic Anatomy and Positioning and Procedures Workbook, 3rd ed., (Vol.I & II), by Steven G. Hayes Sr.Mosby

Radiographic Image Analysis, 2nd edition, Kathy McQuillen, Saunders 2006

Workbook for Radiographic Image Analysis, 2nd edition, Kathy McQuillen, Saunders 2006

Basic Medical Techniques & Patient Care for Radiologic Technologists, 6th Ed., Torres, J.B.

Lippincott, 2003

#### Imaging

Carter C. and Veale B. (2008), Digital Radiography and PACS Gonzalez R.C. and Woods R.E. (2001), Digital Image Processing Oakley J. (2006), Digital Imaging, A Primer for Radiographers, Radiologists and Health Care Professionals Catherine Westbrook: Handbook of MRI Technique Computed Tomography, Seeram, 3rd Edition, Saunders Introduction Sectional Anatomy (Workbook), 2nd Edition, Madden, 2008, Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins Introduction Sectional Anatomy (Workbook), 2nd Edition, Madden, 2008, Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins

## **Interventional Radiology**

Advanced Radiographic & Angiographic Procedures, with an Introduction to Specialized Imaging Marianne R. Tortorici, F.A. Davis Company, 1995

Krishna Kandarpa: Handbook of Intervention